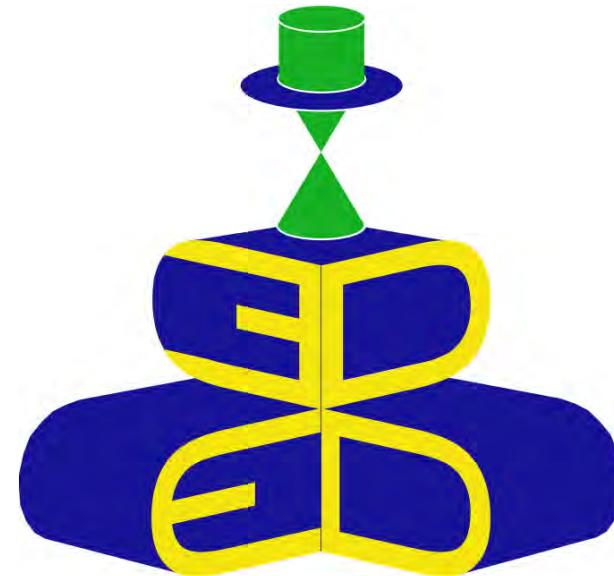




H2020-MSCA ITN  
Grant n. 956099



*Nan* :: ED

Research Theme 11

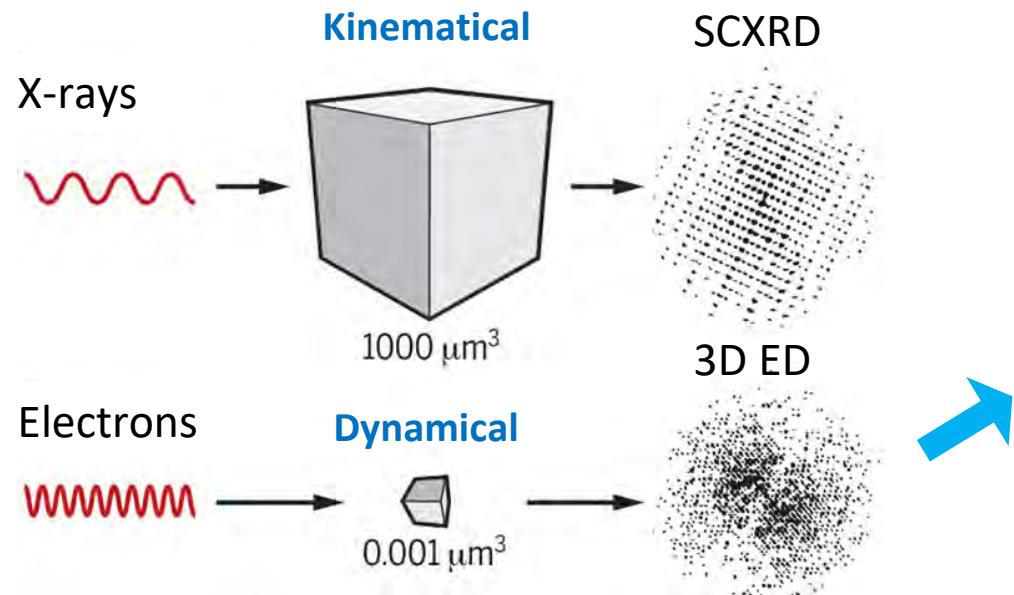
# Development of serial (rotation) electron diffraction and its application on MOFs and pharmaceutics

Angelina Vypritskaia – Stockholm University



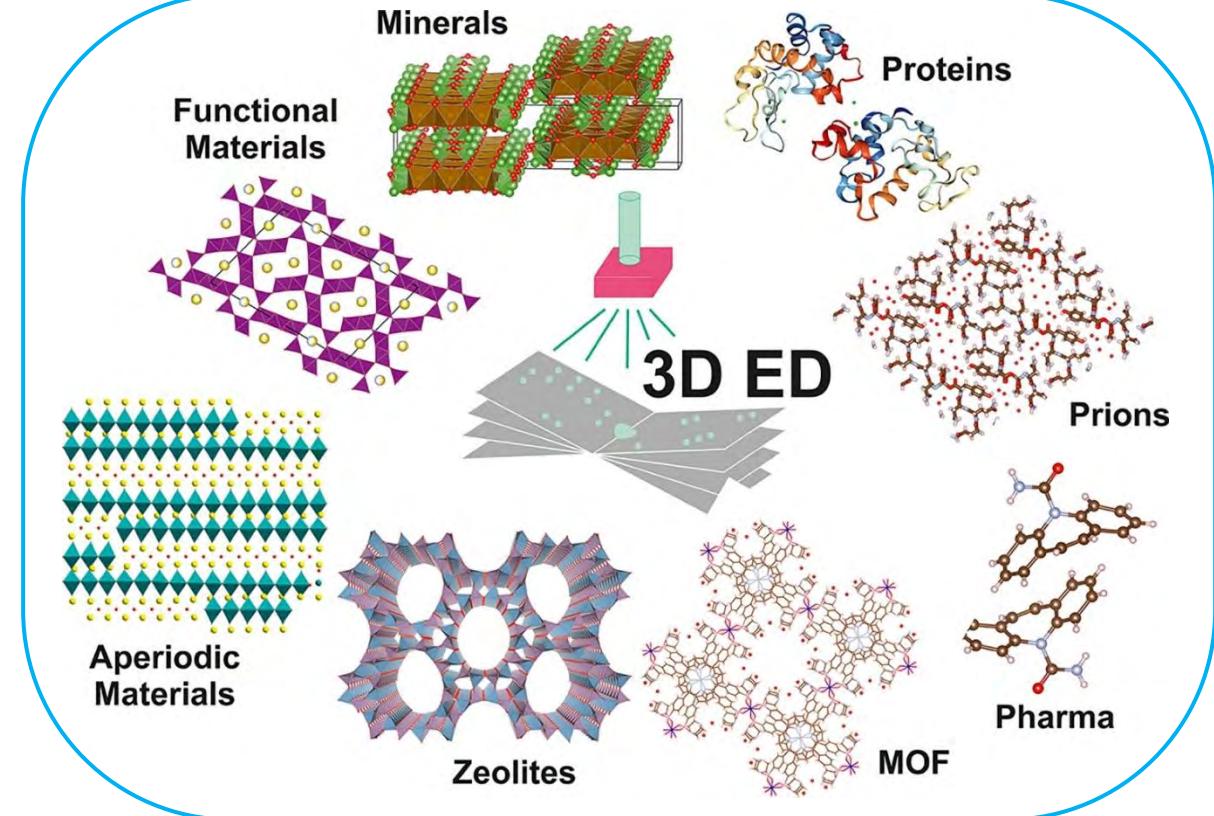
# Phase analysis and structure determination of polycrystalline materials

## 3D electron diffraction (3D ED)



Electrons interact much stronger with atoms  
3D ED can handle crystals with sizes  $\geq 50 \text{ nm}$

## Applications



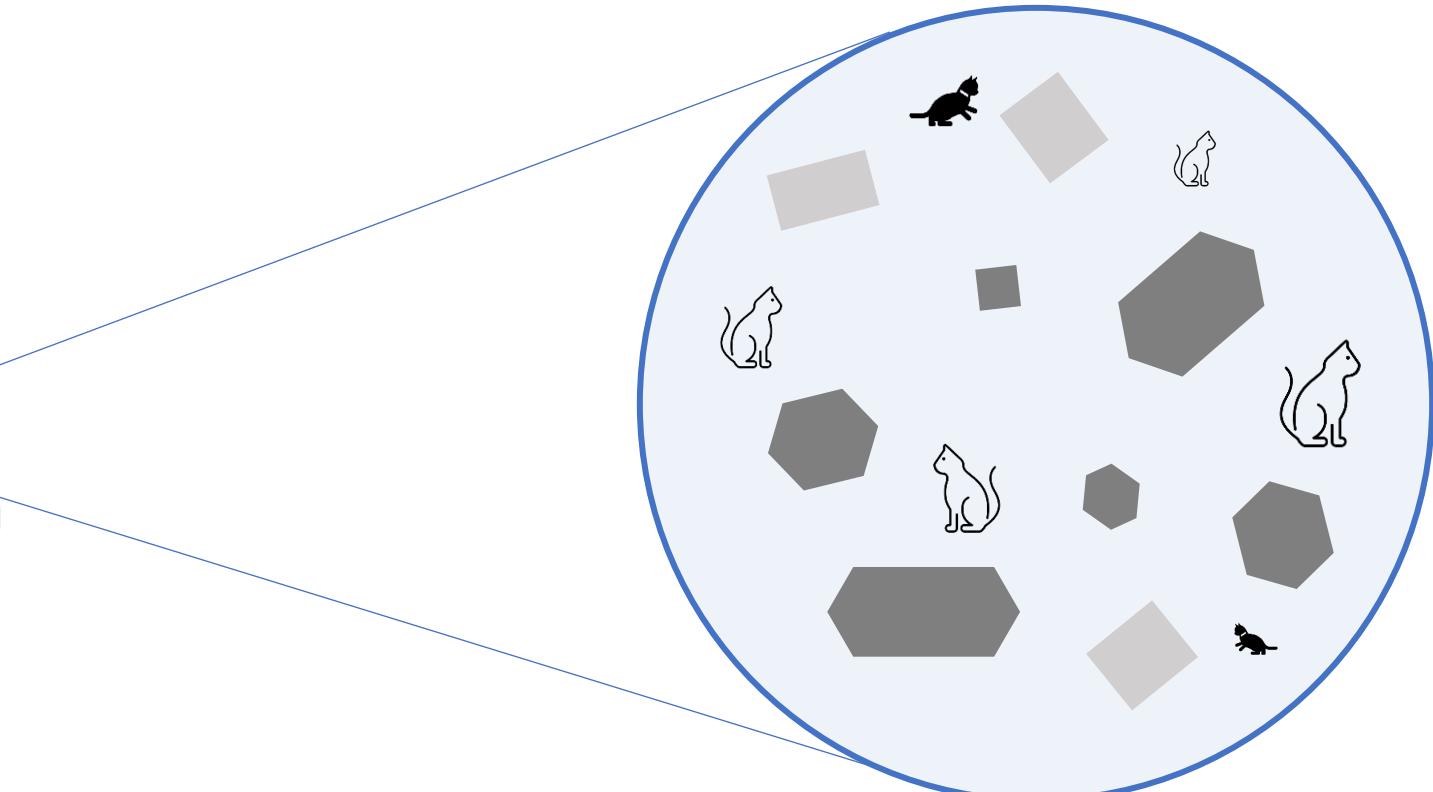
M. Gemmi , X. Zou, S. Hovmöller, A. Migliori, et. al., *Acta Crystallogr., Sect. A*, **2003**, 59, 117-126

D. Zhang, S. Hovmöller, P. Oleynikov, and X. Zou, *Z. Kristallogr.*, **2010**, 225, 94-102

L. B. McCusker, *Science*, **2017**, 355(6321), 136.

M. Gemmi, E. Mugnaioli, T. E. Gorelik, U. Kol, L. Palatinus, P. Boullay, S. Hovmöller, and J. P. Abrahams, *ACS Cent. Sci.* **2019**, 5(8), 1315-1329.

# How many phases in one powder?

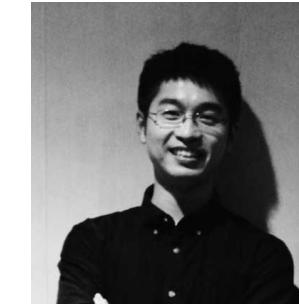
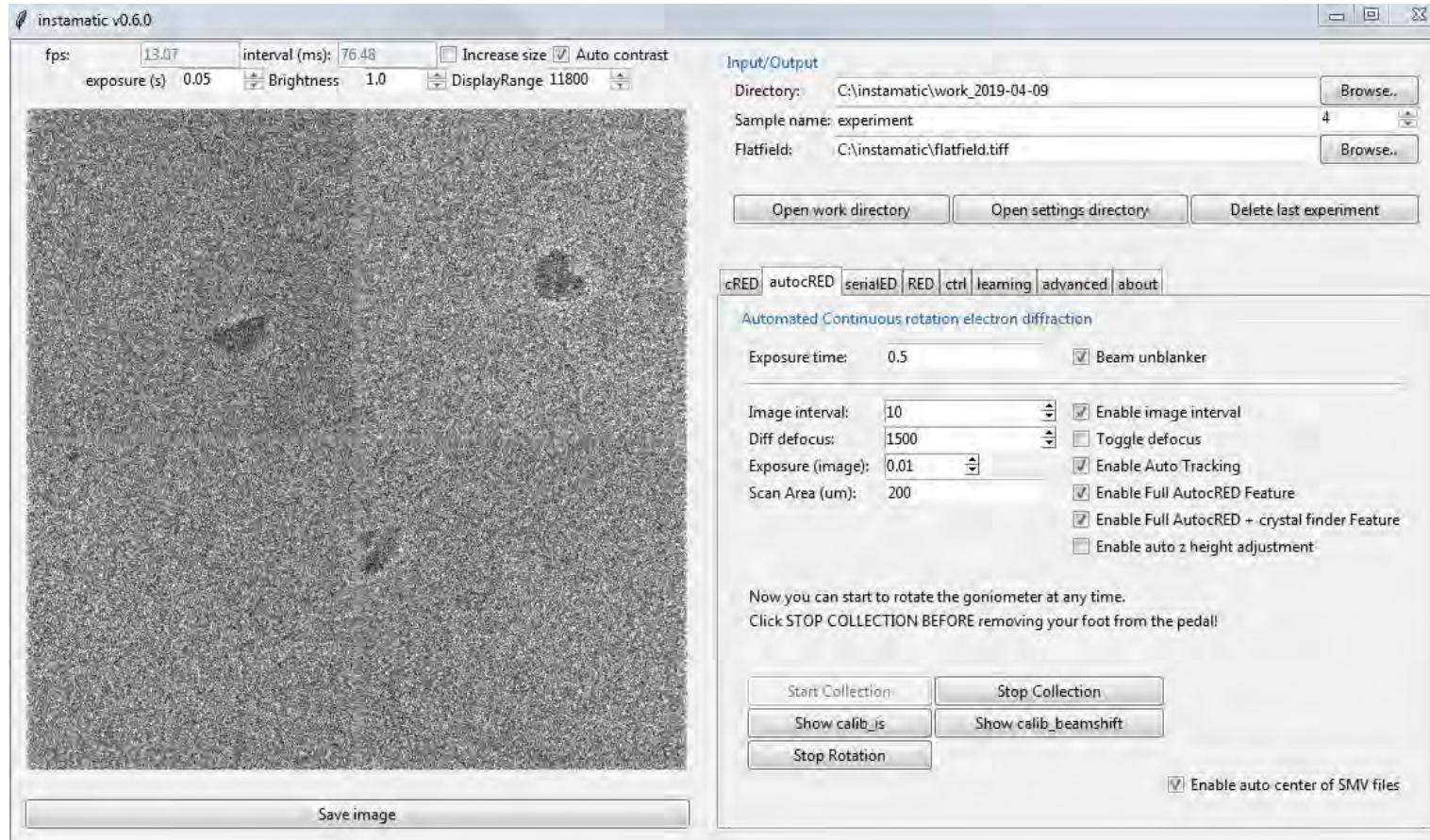


How can we find all the phases?

We can analyse many different crystals

# Serial rotation electron diffraction (SerialRED)

Combine reliable phase analysis and structure determination in a single technique



Bin Wang



Stef Smeets

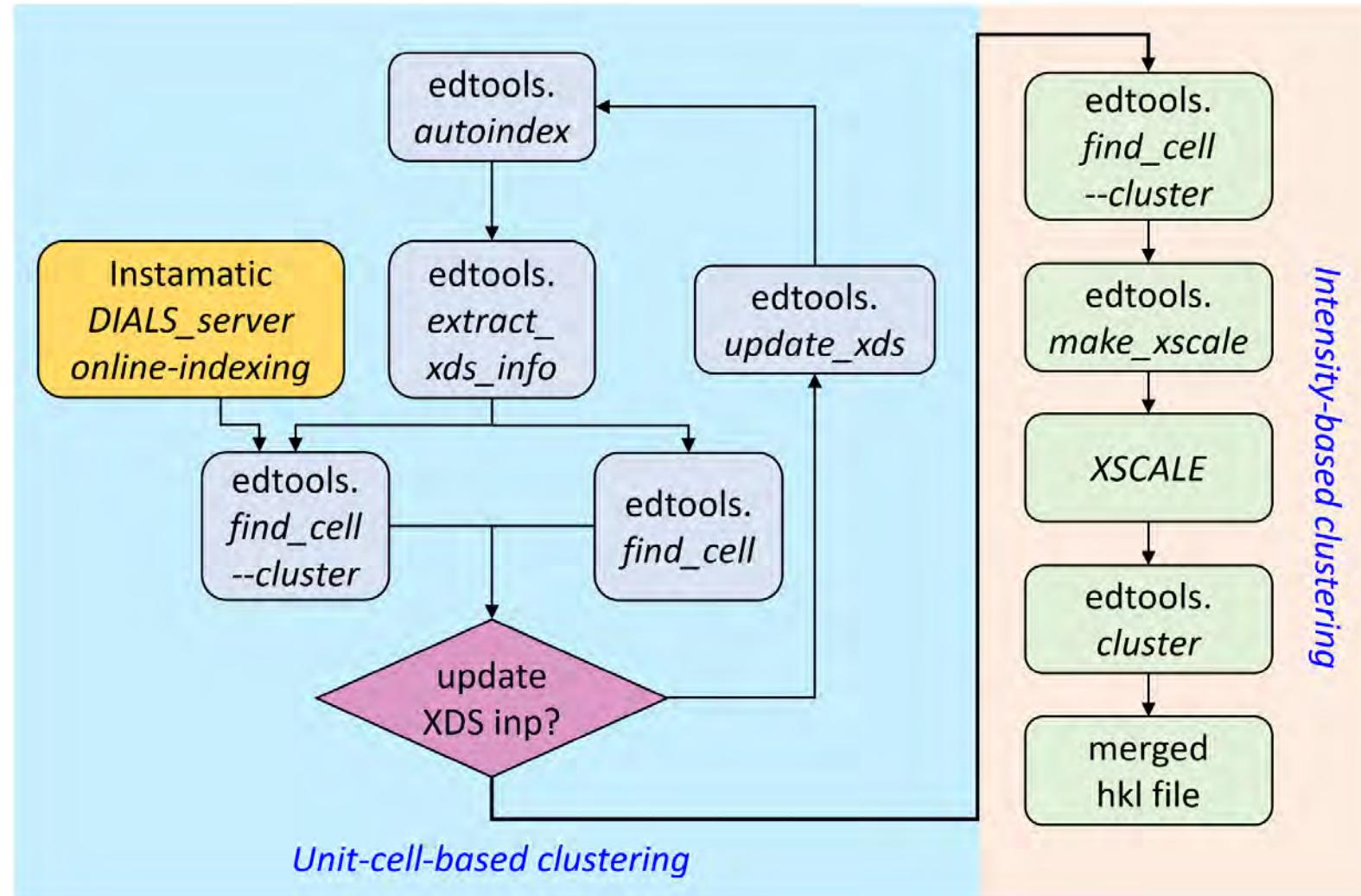
Automatically examine a large number of crystals and collect 3D ED data

High-throughput phase analysis and structure determination

Typical data collection screens up to 500 crystals/hour

# SerialRED data processing

Data processing workflow using *edtools*



# Exploring complex zeolite products using SerialRED

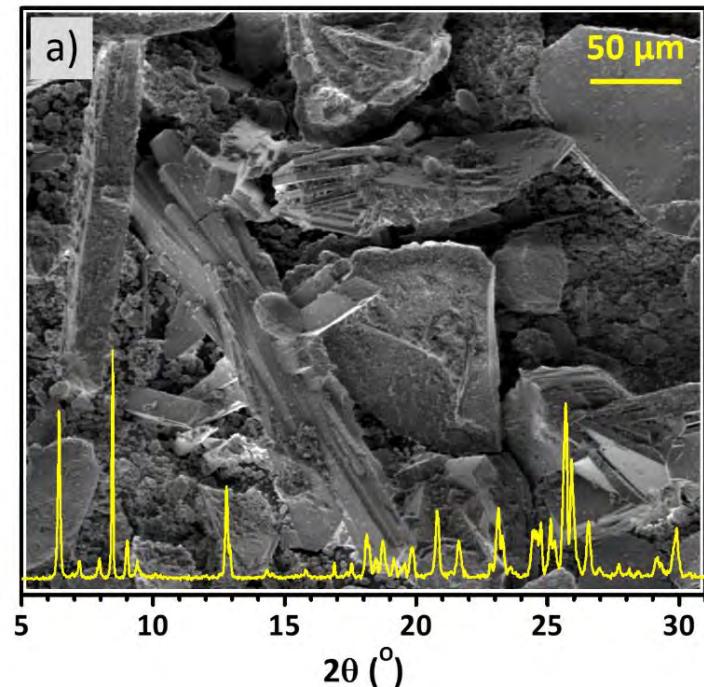
A complex synthesis system was designed for synthesizing novel zeolites

Synthesis parameters and phase diagram

		OSDA/Si=0.6, HF/Si=0.6, H <sub>2</sub> O/Si=10		
		Si/Ge		
		15	10	5
(Si+Ge)/T <sup>III</sup> =∞	TON	TON+POS	POS	
(Si+Ge)/Al	100	NON	Amor. +Den.+*UOE	Amor.+Den.+*UOE
	20	Amor.	Amor. +RTH+IWV+*CTH	RTH+*UOE+POS+IWV+*CTH
	15	Amor.+Den.+*UOE+IWV	Den.+RTH+*UOE+POS+IWV+*CTH	RTH+*UOE+POS+IWV+*CTH
	10	RTH	RTH+*UOE+POS+IWV+*CTH	RTH+IWV+*CTH
	5	Amor.	Amor.	RTH
(Si+Ge)/B	100	NON	Amor.	Amor.+POS
	20	Amor.+SFE	SFE	SFE+TON
	15	Amor.+SFE	SFE	SFE+TON
	10	SFE	SFE	SFE
	5	SFE	SFE	SFE

The synthesis experiments were performed 7 years ago (2015)  
Many complex mixtures

A typical mixture: Product A



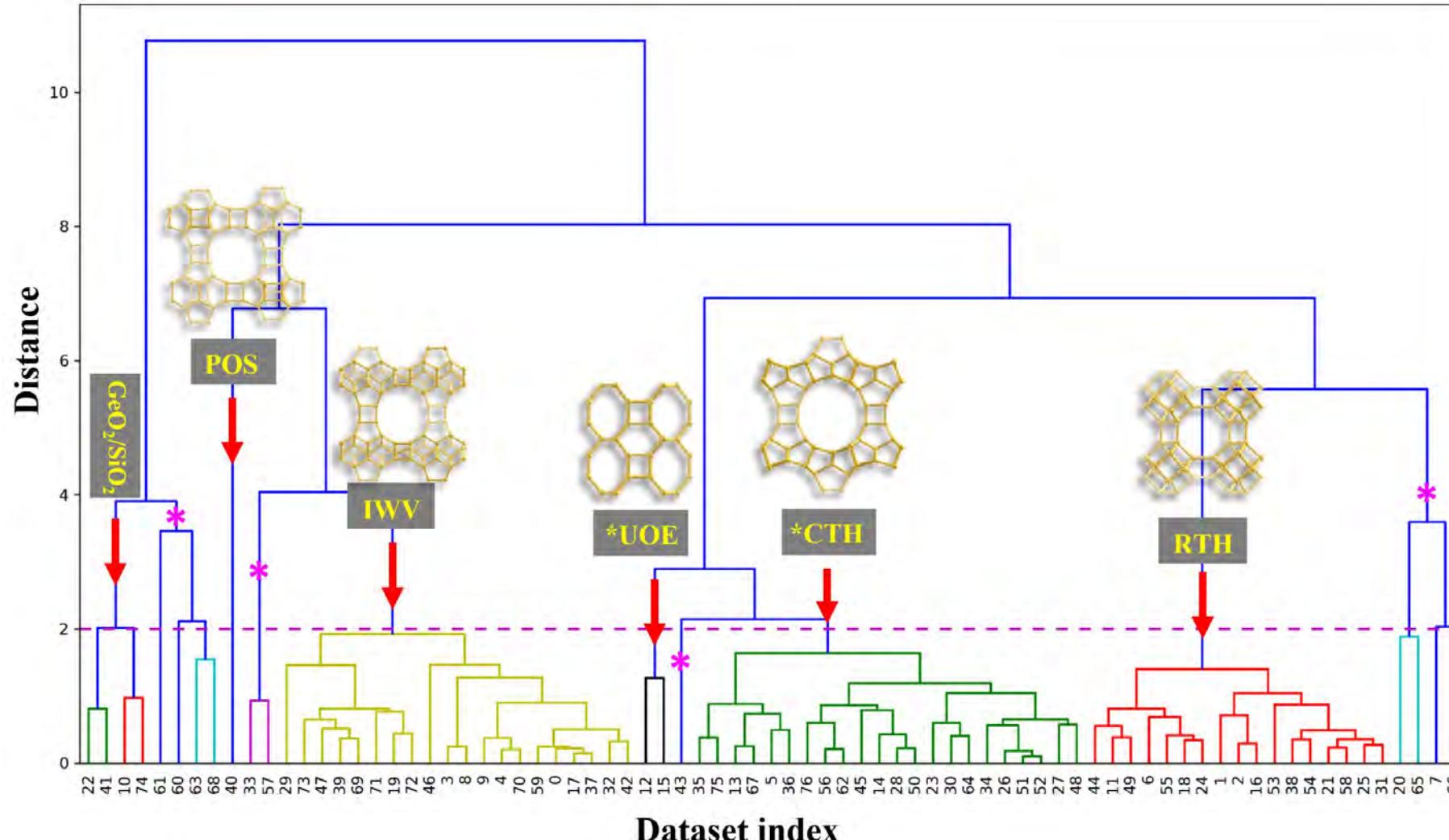
Needle- and plate-like crystals



Two phases?

# Phase analysis of Product A using SerialRED

## Hierarchical clustering (unit-cell-based)

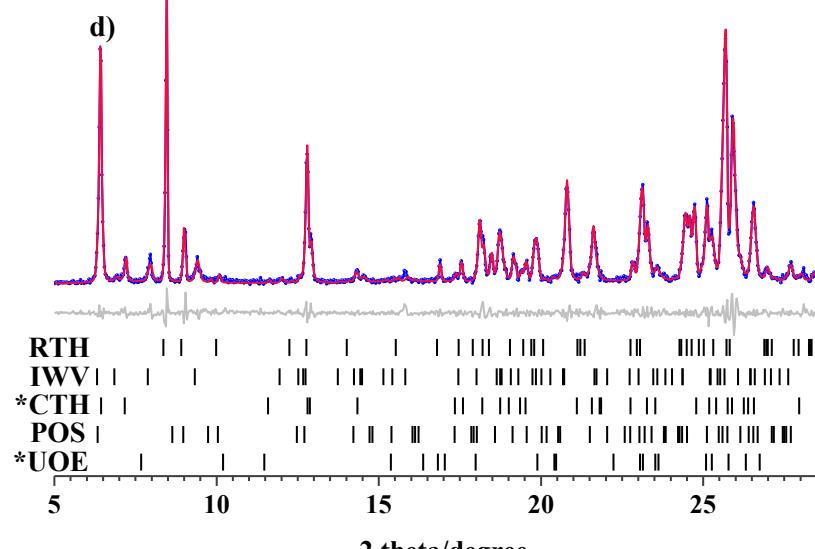
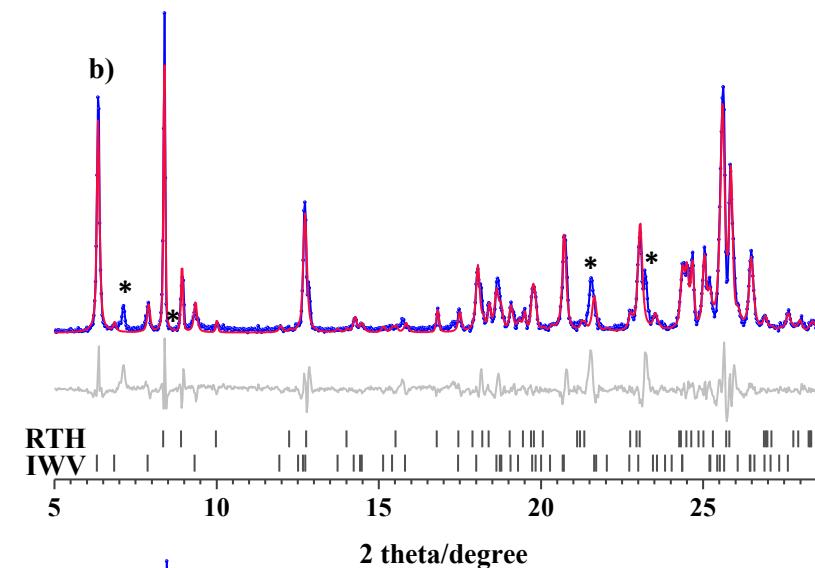
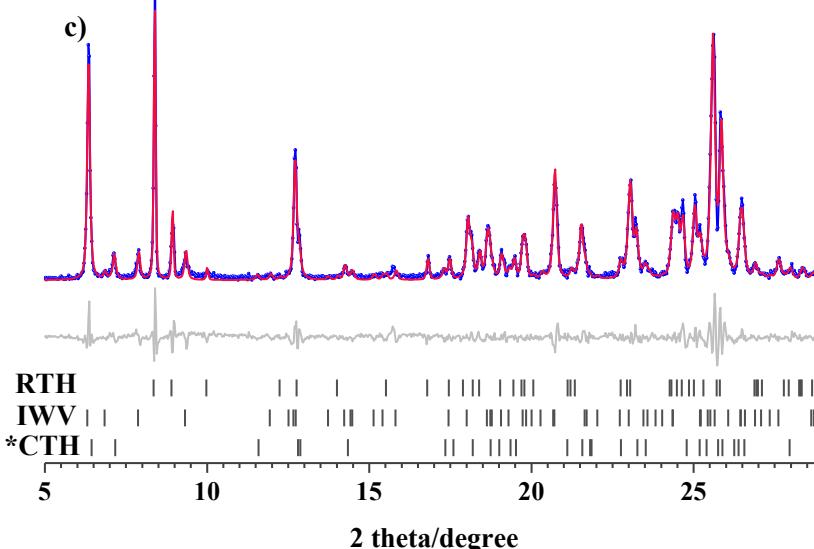
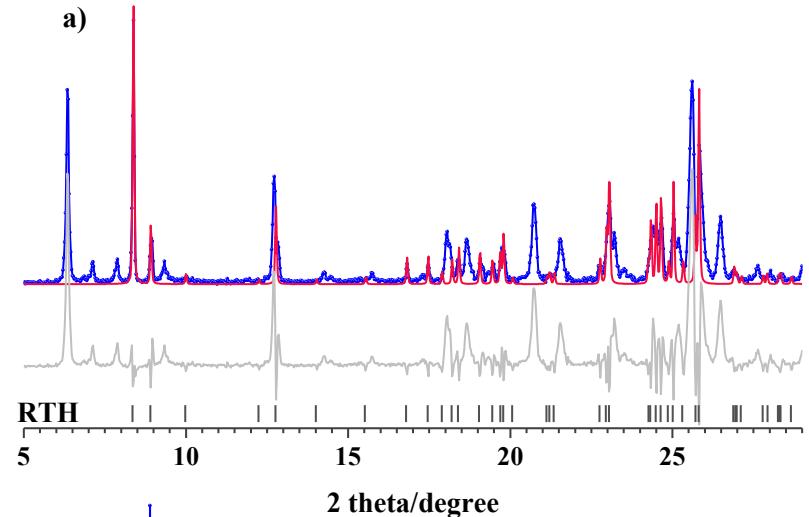


Three more zeolite phases (\*CTH, POS, and \*UOE) were detected.

IWV, RTH, \*CTH could be the major phases, and POS and \*UOE could be the minor phases.

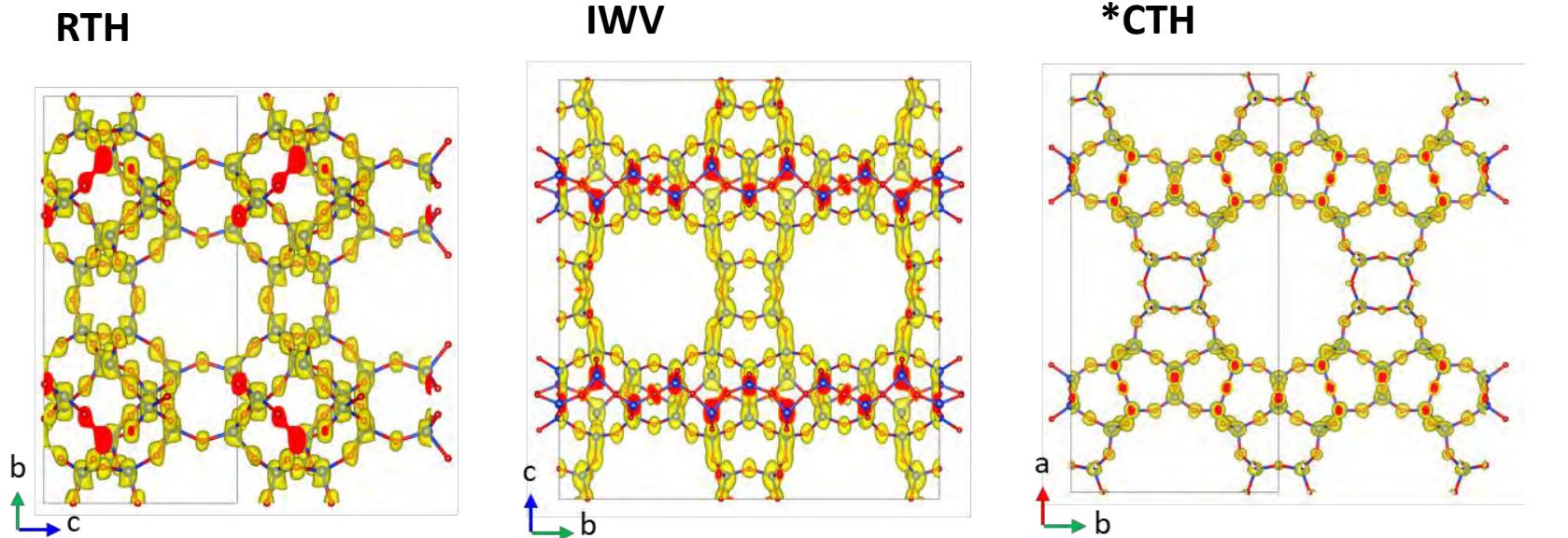
# Phase analysis of Product A using PXRD

Pawley fit



IWV, RTH, \*CTH could be the major phases, and POS and \*UOE could be the minor phases.

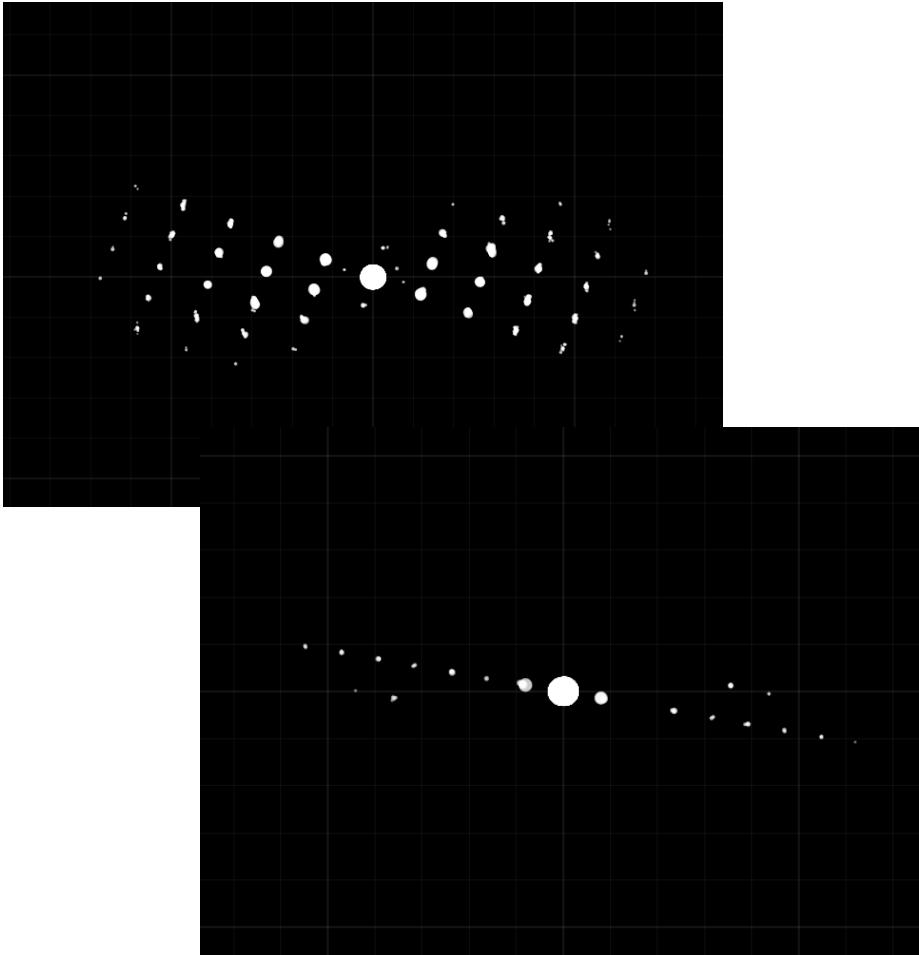
# SerialRED: reveal phase and structural information for rational synthesis



- Structural relationships
- Roles of different T atoms

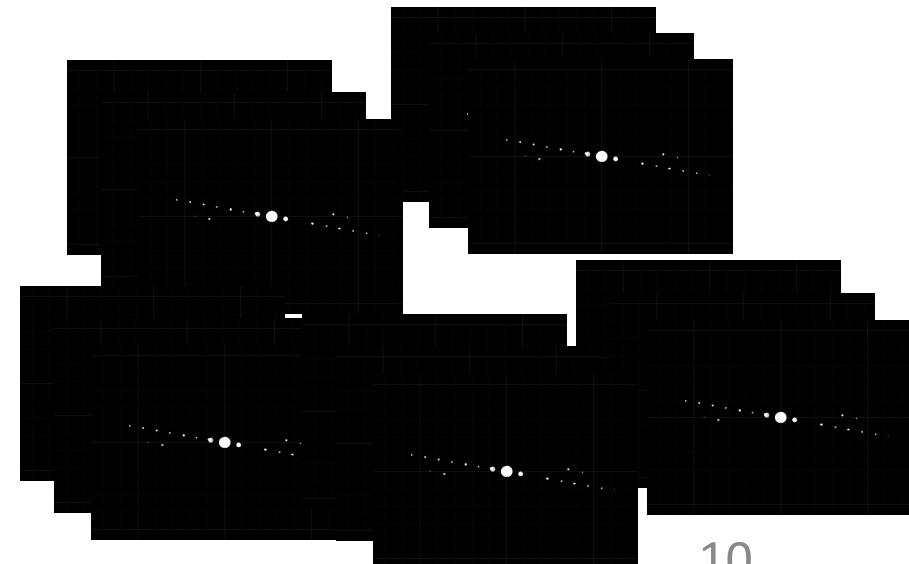
Phase	RTH	IWV	*CTH
Unit cell (Å)	9.68, 20.83, 10.00, $\beta=95.4^\circ$	27.83, 26.08, 13.94	13.69, 27.50, 5.04
Space group	$C2/m$	$Fmmm$	$Cmm2$
Resolution (Å)	1.0	0.8	0.8
Completeness (%)	52.0 (merged 5 data sets)	97.6 (merged 8 data sets)	79.9 (merged 5 data sets)
$R_{\text{int}}/R_1/wR_2$	0.1238/ 0.2736/ 0.6111	0.2908/ 0.3165/ 0.6678	0.1375/ 0.2165/ 0.5162
Refraction(observed)	624 (397)	2549 (1202)	1565 (1135)
Parameters (restraints)	113 (108)	153 (218)	69 (25)

# Sensitive samples



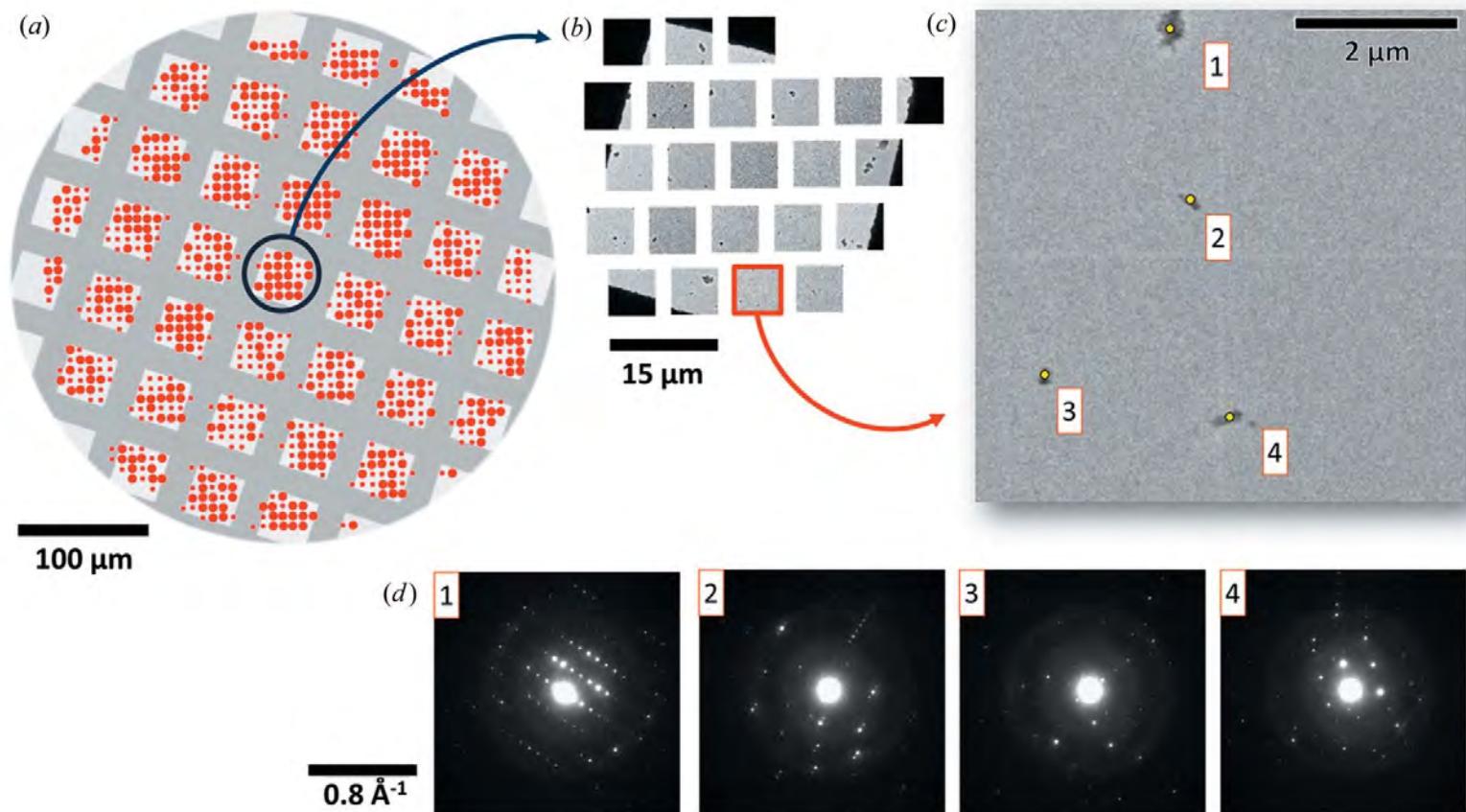
- Too sensitive to get good data
  - Intensities can be wrong
- How can we solve the structure?

Get data from more crystals!



# Serial electron diffraction (SerialED)

TEM mode



Stef Smeets

Automatically identify crystals and collect ED data  
Short exposure time (0.05s/frame)  
Examine a large number of crystals (3500 crystals/hour)

high quality ED data on electron beam sensitive materials for structure determination

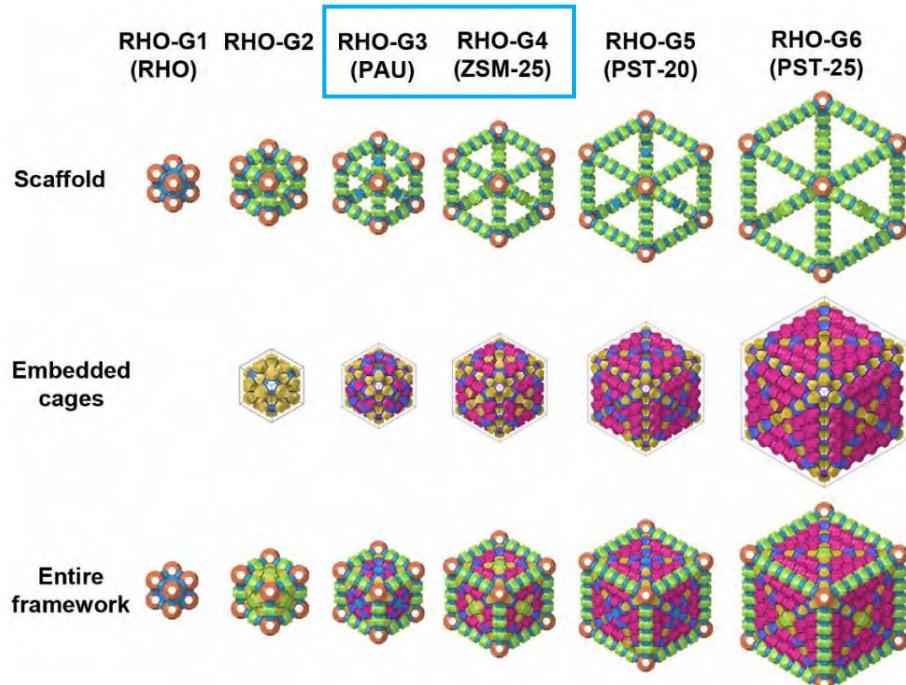
high-throughput phase analysis

# *Ab initio* structure determination of polycrystalline materials using SerialED

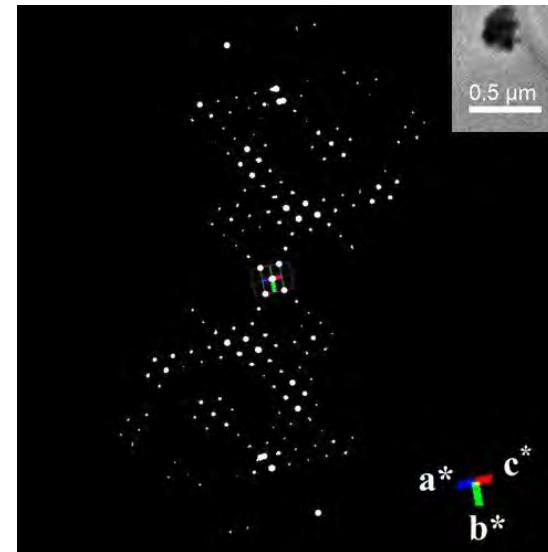
Electron beam sensitive zeolite ZSM-25

A zeolite family with expanding structural complexity and embedded isoreticular structures

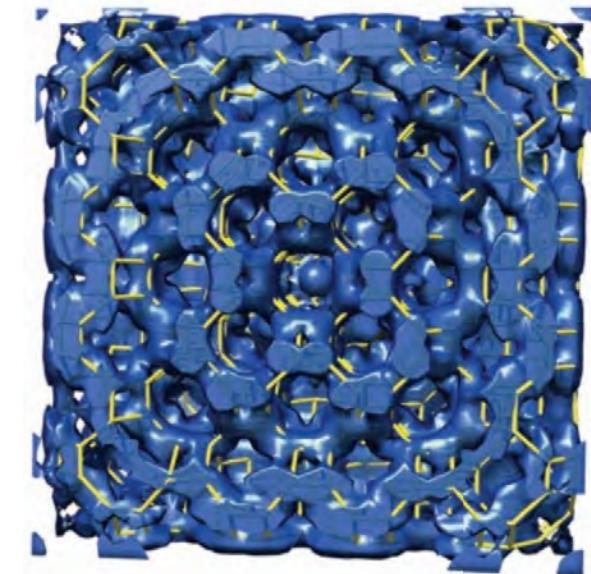
Peng Guo<sup>1,2\*</sup>, Jiho Shin<sup>1\*</sup>, Alex G. Greenaway<sup>4</sup>, Jung Gi Min<sup>3</sup>, Jie Su<sup>1,2</sup>, Hyun June Choi<sup>3</sup>, Leifeng Liu<sup>1,2</sup>, Paul A. Cox<sup>5</sup>, Suk Bong Hong<sup>3\$</sup>, Paul A. Wright<sup>4\$</sup> & Xiaodong Zou<sup>1,2\$</sup>



RED data, resolution **2.5 Å**



Structure solution:  
RED strong reflections +  
calculated phases from PAU

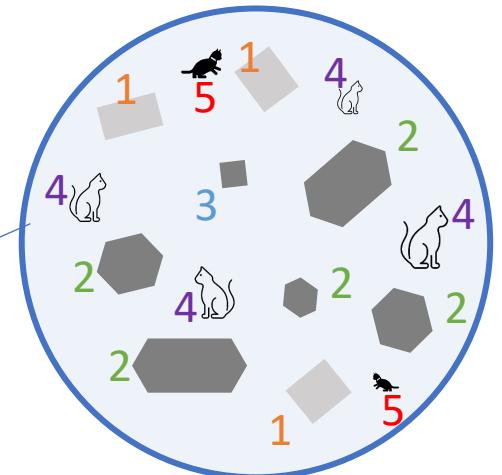


Symmetry: *Im-3m*

Nature, 2015, 524, 74-78

# Limitations

- Not great crystal recognition
    - Algorithm can take Cu grid as a crystal
  - No differentiation by phases
- machine learning algorithm to recognise crystals
- algorithm to recognise phases by shape



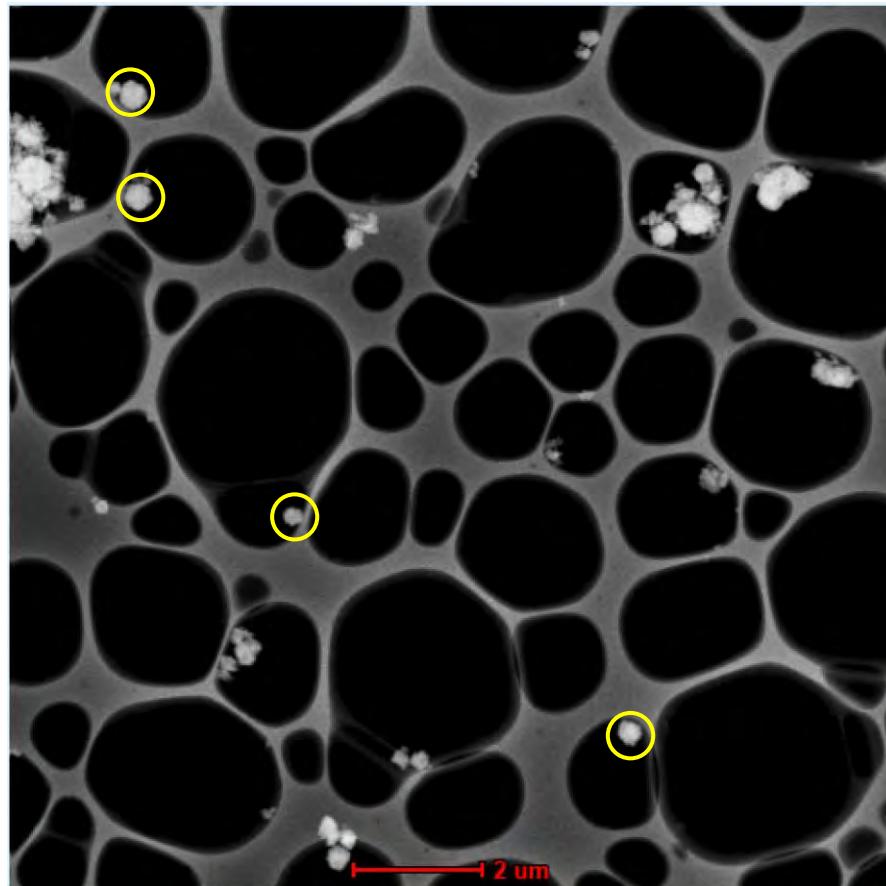
Thank you for the  
attention!



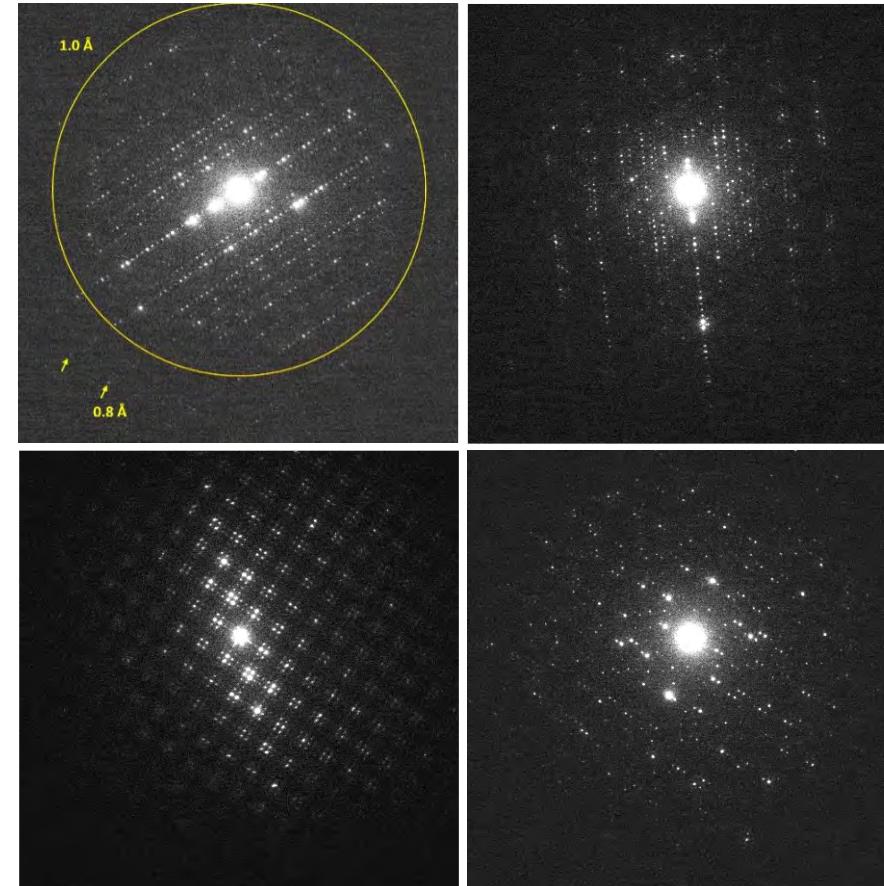
# *Ab initio* structure determination of polycrystalline materials using SerialED

SerialED data of **as-made** ZSM-25

Map of the crystals



Selected patterns from serialED data



Resolution: **0.80 Å**

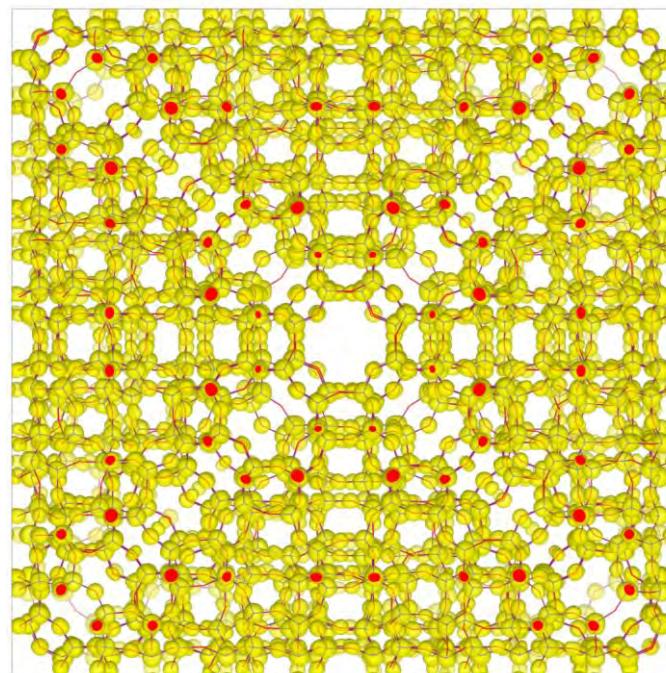
(RED: **2.5 Å**)

Completeness: **100%**

# *Ab initio* structure determination of polycrystalline materials using SerialED

Structure of ZSM-25 determined by SerialED

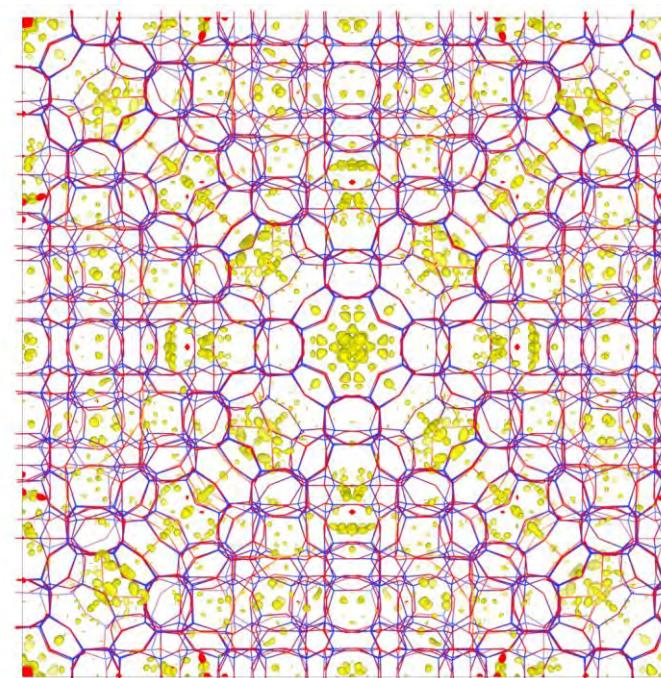
Framework structure: *ab initio* solved



Isosurface level:  $0.89 \text{ e}/\text{\AA}^3$

Resolved all the framework atoms

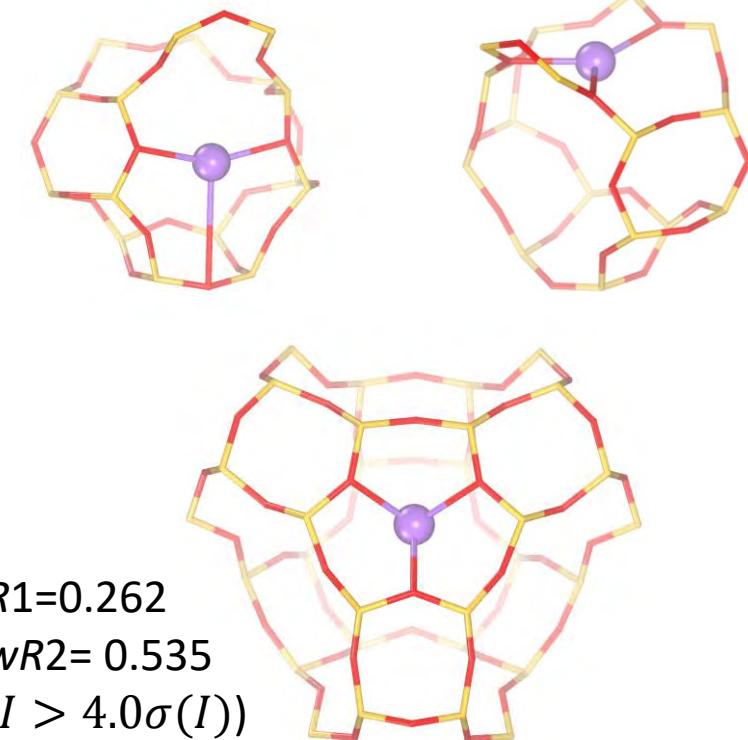
Electron potential difference map



Isosurface level:  $0.51 \text{ e}/\text{\AA}^3$

guest species (OSDAs,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{Na}^+$ )?

Locations of  $\text{Na}^+$  cations



$R1=0.262$   
 $wR2=0.535$   
( $I > 4.0\sigma(I)$ )

Understand the roles of cations